



# 2V3000AH



## Features:

- ▲ Maintenance-free operation
- ▲ Compact design
- ▲ Stable quality and high reliability
- ▲ 12 years design time (at 25°C)

## Applications:

- ♣ UPS (Uninterruptable Power System)
- ♣ DC power supply Auto control system
- ♣ Backup power for testing and measuring instruments
- ♣ Electronic apparatus and equipment Communication power supply
- ♣ Fire alarm and security systems
- ♣ Solar panel system
- ♣ Alarm and security system
- ♣ Tele-communication system

## Specifications:

Type	Specification
Nominal Voltage	2v
Nominal Capacity	3000ah
Dimension	Length: 712±3mm
	Width: 353±3mm
	Container Height: 341±3mm
	Total Height(with Terminal):382±3mm
Approx Weight	175kg
Terminal	T11 or else
Container material	ABS
Rated Capacity	3200.0ah (20hrs, 1.80V/cell,25°C/77°F)
	3000.0ah (10hrs, 1.80V/cell,25°C/77°F)
	2500.0ah (5hrs, 1.75V/cell,25°C/77°F)
	1900.0ah (3hrs, 1.75V/cell,25°C/77°F)
	1560.0ah (1hrs, 1.60V/cell,25°C/77°F)
Max.Discharge Current	24000A(5s)
Internal Resistance	Approx 0.15mΩ
Operation Temp.Range	Discharge:-15-50°C(5-122°F)
	Charge: 0-40°C(32-104°F)
	Storage: -15-40°C(5-104°F)
Nominal Operating Temp.Range	25±3°C(77±5°F)
Cycle Use	2.4V-2.5V(25°C/77°F) Coefficient:30mv/°C (Initial charging current less than 300A)
Standby Use	2.25V-2.3V(25°C/77°F) Coefficient:20mv/°C (No limit on Initial Charging Current)
Capacity affected by Temp.	103% 40°C(104°F)
	100% 25°C(77°F)
	86% 0°C(32°F)

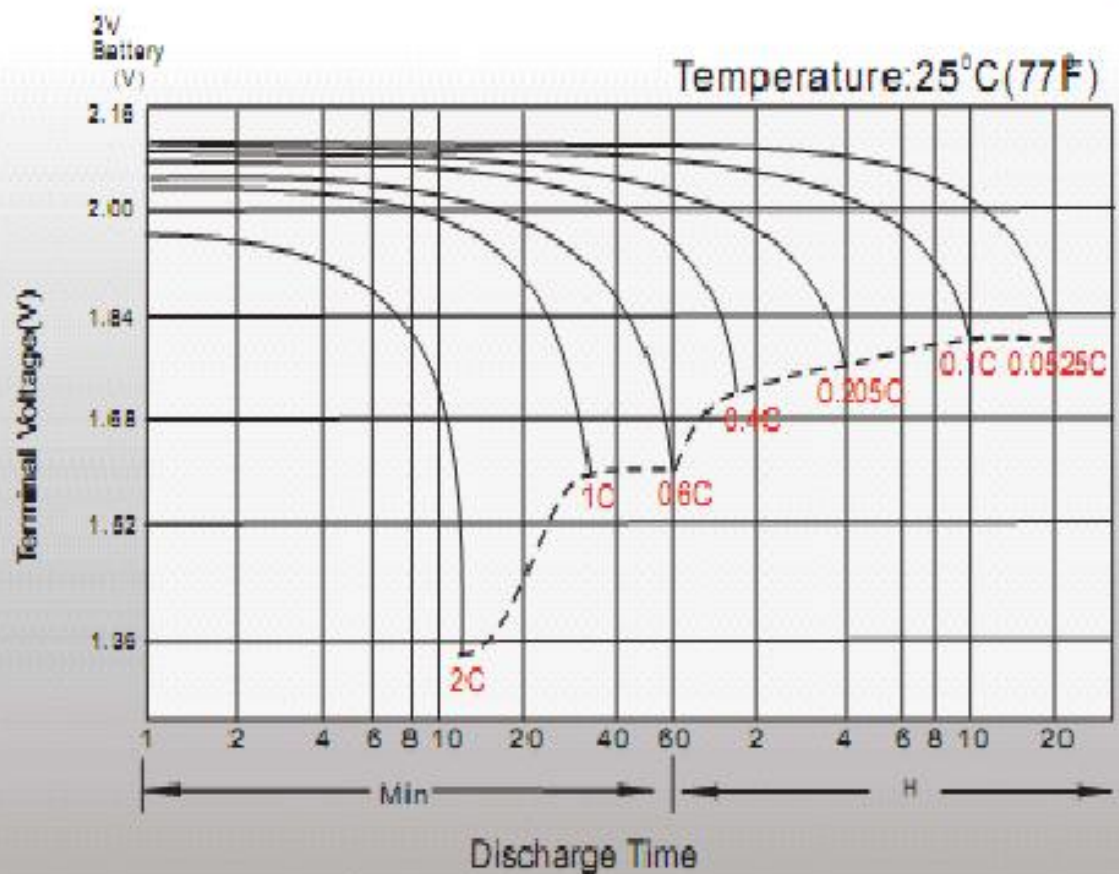
## Self Discharge:

KANGLIDA batteries may be stored for up to 6 months at 25°C (77°F) and then a refreshing charge is required, for higher temperatures the time interval will be shorter.

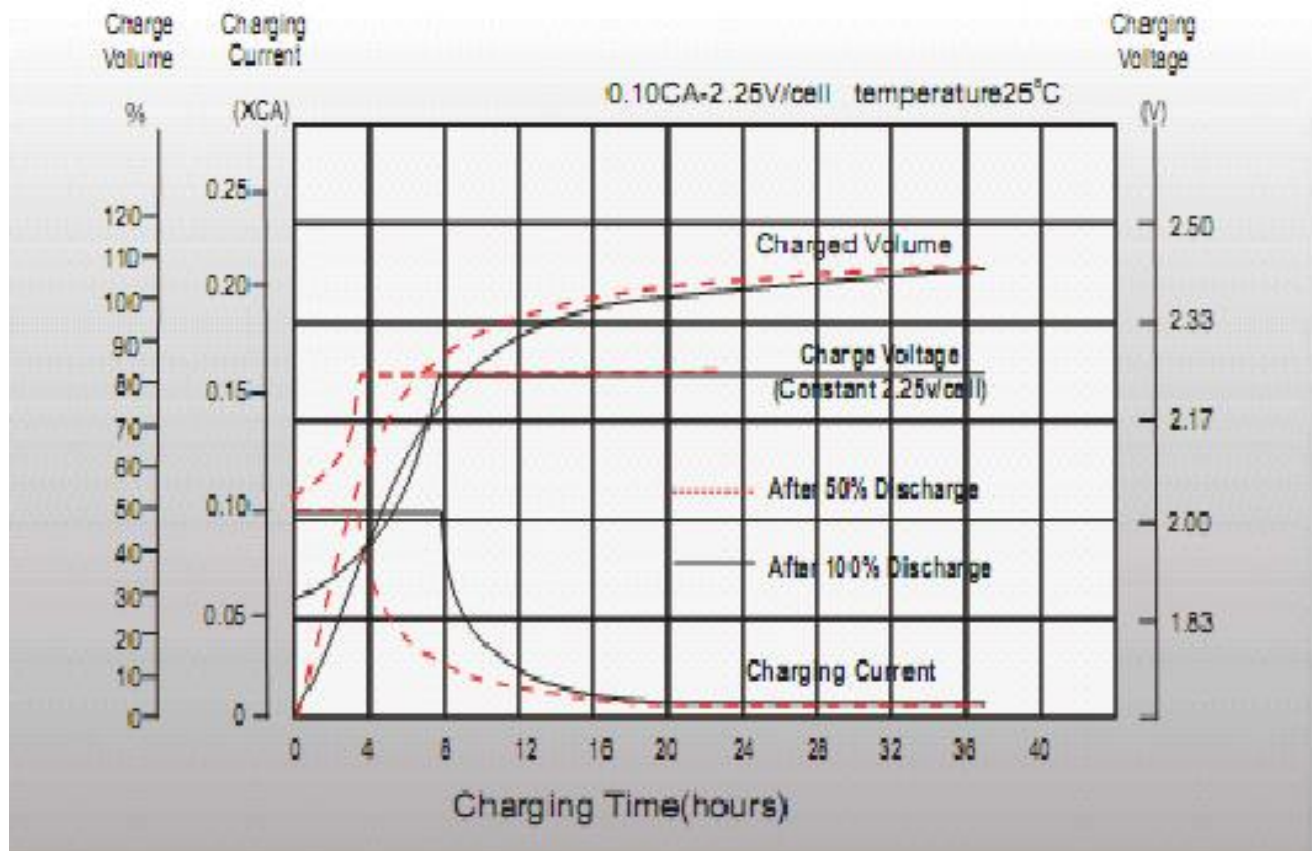
Capacity after storage	1month	3month	6month	12month
Self-discharge 25°C(77°F)	98%	91%	82%	65%

## Characteristics:

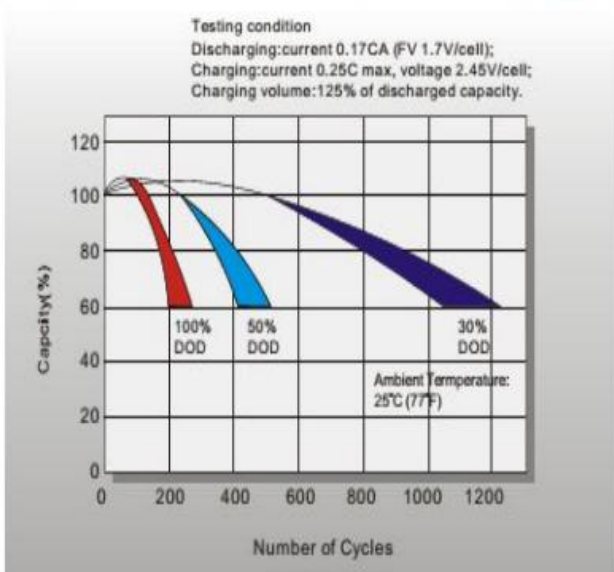
### Discharge Characteristics



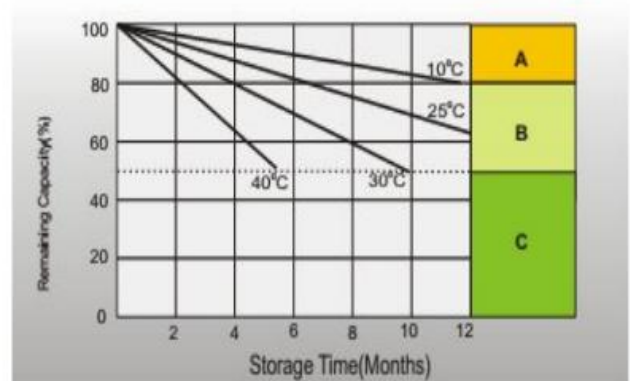
# Float Charging Characteristics



## Cycle Life in Relation to Depth of Discharge



## Self Discharge Characteristics



**A** No supplementary charge required

(Carry out supplementary charge before use if 100% capacity is required.)

Supplementary charge required before use. Optional charging way as below:

**B**

1. Charged for above 3 days at limited current 0.25CA and constant voltage 2.25V/cell.
2. Charged for above 20 hours at limited current 0.25CA and constant voltage 2.45V/cell.
3. Charged for 8-10 hours at limited current 0.05CA.

**C**

Supplementary charge may often fail to recover the capacity.  
The battery should never be left standing till this is reached.

## Attentions:

- 1.After received product, please checked box damaged or not, if find crack on battery body, contact with us and logistics, it should be caused by boorish handle during delivery;
- 2.Don't pull or shake terminal, otherwise, it may cause terminal loosen;
- 3.Battery is not allowed close to Tepid source or basked under the sun for a long time;
- 4.Charge in the obturate container is not allowed;
- 5.No short circuit. Battery should be stored full of electronic when not in need,and the battery should be charged every three months in order to avoid the irreversible sulphation. When battery case bursts or electrolyte leaks, battery should be changed lest the acid corrosion.
- 6.No battery in environment with the acid gas.
- 7.When battery is used as the backup battery, be careful and check it at regular time to avoid the damage battery. Especially the battery beyond one year should be checked in time, and change the less capacity and scrapped battery.(some batteries maybe have voltage but no current; some batteries maybe have current but no voltage; some maybe have both but less capacity:all these conditions cannot meet the work,reach the power-on time. Do not forth small battery,cause the huge losses )
- 8.Forbidden put battery in the fire, otherwise it will cause an explosion.
- 9.When battery cracks or leaks, please use cotton cloth clean it. When skin contacts to the liquid, wash with fresh water immediately. See doctor if serious.
- 10.No wash on the surface of the battery with the organic solution.
- 11.If the equipment uses batteries in groups, the batteries must be selected with similar voltage before usage, otherwise some batteries in the group will be damaged due to inconsistent voltage and internal resistance.
12. In the process of recycling the battery, do not use it under the state of dissatisfied charging. As a result, the battery will be sulphated, and the storage performance and capacity will drop to a long-term dissatisfied state; the battery's capacity and efficiency of use will not be obtained.

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